

Knowledge Organiser - Year 3—Geography: Italy

Key Question — Why has Italian Culture spread so far and wide?



Key Places

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| Colosseum | Oval amphitheatre located in the centre of Rome. Became a model for all sports stadia (stadiums). |
| Europe | 6th largest continent located in the Northern Hemisphere. |
| Italy | Country located in Europe. It is recognisable by its shape which is similar to that of a boot. |
| Leaning Tower of Pisa | Located in Pisa. It is famous due to the 4° lean of the building. |
| Rome | Capital city of Italy. |
| Roman Pantheon | Located in Rome. It has become a model for many government buildings in the world e.g. US Capitol Building. |
| Sistine Chapel | Located in Apostolic Palace, Vatican City. |
| Vatican City | Country as well as a city-state surrounded by Rome. |

Italian Culture

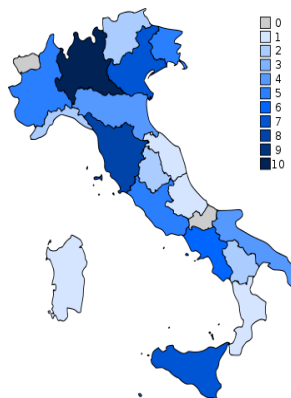
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| Architecture | Sistine chapel, Colosseum, The Roman Pantheon, Baths of Diocletian |
| Art | Leonardo Da Vinci, Michelangelo, Raphael, Sandro Botticelli |
| Exploration | Christopher Columbus was a famous Italian explorer |
| Food | Pizza, Pasta, Olive Oil, Risotto, Garamisu, mozzarella, parmesan |
| Music | Opera (Puccini / Verdi), Classical (Vivaldi) |



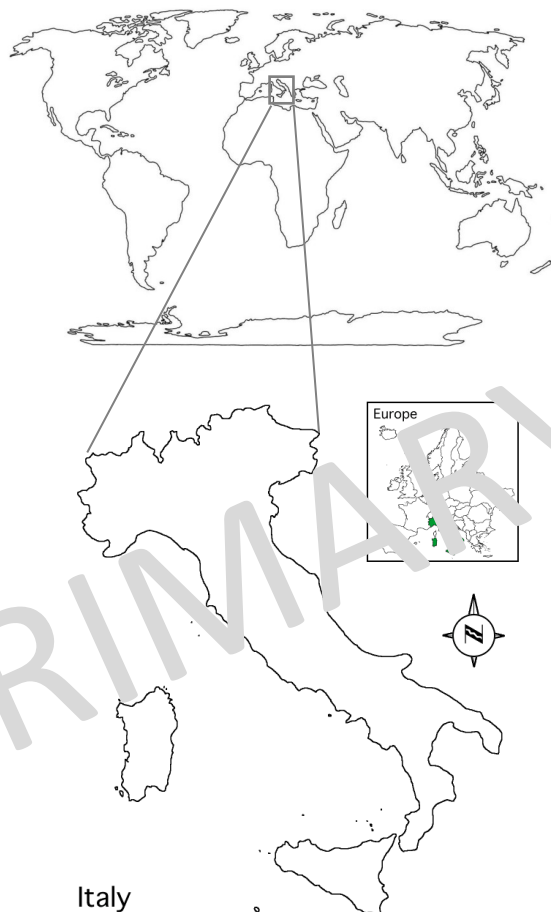
The Mona Lisa -
Leonardo Da Vinci



Ceiling of the Sistine
Chapel—Michelangelo



Where in the world is it?



World Heritage Sites

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| Italy has the most amount of World Heritage Sites with 54 |
| 49 of the 54 World Heritage Sites are listed as 'Cultural'. |
| The other 5 sites are all of the natural type. |
| The key and map, to the left, shows how many sites are in each part of Italy. |

Key Vocabulary

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| Architecture | The art of designing buildings |
| Asylum Seeker | Person who is seeking international protection from the country they were in beforehand. |
| European Union (EU) | Formed by 28 countries to bring Europe together through trade, security and the rights of citizens. |
| Hemisphere | One of the halves of the earth and divided by the equator |
| Immigrant | Person who comes to live permanently in a foreign country. |
| Migrant | Person who moves from one place to another, often to try and find work. |

Immigration in Italy

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| In 2017, Italy received 67% of all the EU's migrant arrivals with 119,000 people entering the country. |
| In 2017, Italy received the second highest amount of asylum seekers. |
| Majority of migrants entering Italy arrive from North Africa via the Mediterranean Sea or Eastern Europe. |
| Between 1900 and 1915, 3 million Italians immigrated to America. |

Key Concepts

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| Culture | The ideas, traditions, appreciation and knowledge of the arts, behaviours and achievements of a group of people, which can influence others around the world . |
| Immigration | An act or instance of coming into a foreign country to live. |
| Renaissance | Vibrant period of European cultural, artistic, political and economic "rebirth" following the Middle Ages. |
| Settlement | A place where people establish a community, regardless of their country of origin . |
| World Heritage Site | A natural or man-made site, area, or structure recognised as being of outstanding international importance and therefore as deserving special protection. |



The Colosseum

Leaning Tower of Pisa

